

- 1) The Park House was built in 1867 for use as a police station. It now serves as an office for neighborhood meetings.
- 2) This circular horse watering trough was converted to a planter by the end of the 1800s.
- 3) The Elizabeth Cook Pavilion is the second one built on this site. The original rustic "summer cottage" had a thatched roof.
- 4) This bronze casting of a life-sized statue of George Washington by French sculptor Jean-Antoine Houdon was placed in the park in 1869.

- v1) Looking south toward Lafayette Avenue are fine examples of Victorian Second Empire townhouses.
- 5) 1876 Music Pavilion was destroyed by the 1896 tornado. A second music stand, built on the surviving base, was demolished in 1951. Only the original base remains.
- 6) Victorians rode around the lake in swan boats. The swan house and fountain are reproductions of the Victorian originals.
- 7) The Comfort Station (now Kern Pavilion) was built in 1908.
- 8) Naval guns from the British warship Actaeon, which sank in 1776, were placed in the park in 1897.
- 9) The Thomas Hart Benton statue, sculpted by Harriet Goodhue Hosmer and dedicated in 1868, was the first public monument in the State of Missouri.
- 10) A garden grows amidst mineral blossom (drusy quartz) that once defined the edge of a lake that featured three fountains and a waterfall.
- v2) Looking west to Missouri Avenue: One time Presbyterian church next door to an Italianate mansion. Further south, two German Baroque mansions flank Whittemore Place.
- 11) This stone urn is pictured in stereoscope views of Lafayette Park from the 1870s.
- 12) The athletic field was a military parade ground in 1858. Colonel Thornton Grimsley, a noted manufacturer and city alderman who favored Missouri's secession, trained his volunteer militia there.
- v3) Looking north on Park Avenue: Fine examples of Victorian mansions with mansard-style roofs.
- 13) Iron fence built in 1869. Note areas of the original riprap stone drains along Missouri and Park Avenue fence lines.

- v4) Looking northeast at Mississippi and Park Avenue: Commercial center of Lafayette Square
- 14) Stately iron and stone gates erected in 1869. The fence and gates were designed by Francis Tunica.
- v5) Looking east toward Mississippi Avenue: You'll see Second Empire townhouses, a flounder house at 1512, and Victorian houses with crested bays to the north.
- 15) The playground features turtle and frog sculptures by Robert Cassilly.
- 16) The Rockery Grotto was built in 1866. Only one iron bridge remains of two that replaced rustic bridges lost in the Cyclone of 1896.